

Getting started with SPEVIGO

Treatment for your GPP

If your healthcare provider decides that you or a caregiver can give your or your child's injections of SPEVIGO at home, you should receive training on the right way to prepare and inject SPEVIGO. **Do not try to inject SPEVIGO until you have been shown the right way by your healthcare provider.**



Actor portrayal

What is SPEVIGO?

SPEVIGO is a prescription medicine used to treat generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP) in adults and children 12 years of age and older who weigh at least 88 pounds (40 kg). It is not known if SPEVIGO is safe and effective in children under 12 years of age or who weigh less than 88 pounds (40 kg).

Important Safety Information

Do not receive SPEVIGO if you or your child have had a severe or life-threatening allergic reaction to spesolimab-sbzo or any of the ingredients in SPEVIGO.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.

 **Spevigo**[®]
(spesolimab-sbzo) injection



Before taking SPEVIGO

Tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions, including if you or your child:

- ✓ **Have an infection that does not go away** or that keeps coming back
- ✓ **Have tuberculosis (TB)** or have been in close contact with someone with TB
- ✓ **Have recently received or are scheduled to receive an immunization (vaccine).** You or your child should not receive live vaccines during and for at least 16 weeks after treatment with SPEVIGO. You or your child should be brought up to date with all vaccines before starting SPEVIGO
- ✓ **Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.** It is not known if SPEVIGO can harm your or your child's unborn baby
- ✓ **Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed.** It is not known if SPEVIGO passes into your breast milk. Talk to your doctor about the best way to feed your baby during treatment with SPEVIGO

Important Safety Information (continued)

Tell your healthcare provider right away if you or your child have an infection or have symptoms of an infection during or after treatment with SPEVIGO, including:

- fevers, chills, or sweats
- muscle aches
- cough
- shortness of breath
- blood in your phlegm (mucus)
- burning when you urinate
- urinating more often than normal

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.

Welcome

This guide provides helpful resources and answers to common questions as you start monthly treatment with SPEVIGO.

Keep in mind, this information is not intended to replace conversations with your doctor — always go to your doctor first with any questions about your health or medical care.

Important Safety Information (continued)

What is the most important information I should know about SPEVIGO?

SPEVIGO may cause serious side effects, including:

- **Infections.** SPEVIGO may lower the ability of your or your child's immune system to fight infections and may increase your or your child's risk of infections. Your healthcare provider should check you or your child for infections and tuberculosis (TB) before starting treatment with SPEVIGO and may treat you or your child for TB before you begin treatment with SPEVIGO if you have a history of TB or have active TB. Your healthcare provider should watch you or your child closely for signs and symptoms of TB during or after treatment with SPEVIGO.



Actor portrayal

Important Safety Information (continued)

SPEVIGO may cause serious side effects, including (continued):

- **Allergic reactions and infusion-related reactions.** Serious allergic reactions may happen during or after your or your child’s SPEVIGO injection. If you or your child have a serious allergic reaction, your healthcare provider will stop treatment with SPEVIGO. If you or your child are given SPEVIGO in a vein (intravenously) and have an infusion-related reaction, your healthcare provider will stop your or your child’s SPEVIGO infusion and treat your or your child’s symptoms and may restart SPEVIGO at a slower infusion rate. Tell your healthcare provider or get emergency medical help right away if you or your child get any of the following symptoms during or after your or your child’s SPEVIGO injection:
 - feeling faint, dizzy, or lightheaded
 - swelling of your face, eyelids, lips, mouth, tongue, or throat
 - trouble breathing or throat tightness
 - fever
 - mouth sores
 - chest tightness
 - hives or skin rash that is different than the rash from generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP)
 - itching
 - swollen lymph nodes

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.

Support you can count on

In addition to your doctor, there’s a team of people here to help you:

FOR QUESTIONS ABOUT...

GO TO...

- ✓ How GPP may affect your body, how SPEVIGO works, what to expect when starting treatment, your dose, potential side effects, what to expect with SPEVIGO, what to do if you experience a flare
- ✓ Delivery of your medicine
- ✓ Information about GPP and how it may affect your body, additional education for injecting SPEVIGO — as well as other personalized education you may want
- ✓ Potential financial support options, storing your medicine, and coordinating with your specialty pharmacy

Your doctor

Your specialty pharmacy
(the company that will call you to schedule your delivery)

The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program

The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program

The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program team members do not provide medical advice and are not substitutes for your medical team. Your doctor should always be your main resource for any questions about your health and medical care.

Haven’t enrolled in the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program yet?

We’re here to offer a helping hand. Call us at 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446), Monday-Friday, 8AM-8PM ET.



Getting ready for treatment: a few things to keep in mind



Your medicine will be delivered to your home each month



You will need to store your SPEVIGO in the refrigerator and protect it from light



If your doctor confirms it's appropriate to inject your medicine at home, they will show you how and tell you how much SPEVIGO SC to use*



SPEVIGO is a monthly injection (taken every 4 weeks); it can be helpful to record when and where you inject, and also to set reminders on your phone or calendar



Support is available to help answer your questions and explore potential financial assistance options, and help you on your journey with SPEVIGO

* In children aged 12 to 17, SPEVIGO should be given under supervision of an adult.

More detail and information can be found on the following pages, as well as in the **Instructions for Use**.

If you have questions, call your doctor. The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program may also help answer questions. Just call 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446).



"I'm so glad my doctor and I made the choice to treat my GPP with SPEVIGO."

Jordan,
whose choice is SPEVIGO

Jordan has been compensated for the time spent to share her story. Individual results may vary.

- Important Safety Information (continued)**
Before you or your child receive SPEVIGO, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you or your child:
- have an infection that does not go away or that keeps coming back.
 - have TB or have been in close contact with someone with TB.
 - have recently received or are scheduled to receive an immunization (vaccine). You or your child should not receive live vaccines during and for at least 16 weeks after treatment with SPEVIGO. You or your child should be brought up to date with all vaccines before starting SPEVIGO.
 - are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if SPEVIGO can harm your or your child's unborn baby.
 - are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if SPEVIGO passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your or your child's baby during treatment with SPEVIGO.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Getting SPEVIGO SC

SPEVIGO is delivered directly to you from a specialty pharmacy.* It is not available at retail pharmacies.



You will receive a **call to welcome you** and schedule your SPEVIGO SC delivery

- The specialty pharmacy* phone number may appear as “blocked” or “unknown”
- Be sure to answer the call so there are no delays in getting your medicine
- You may also want to program the number into your phone so you can recognize it when they call

*Your specialty pharmacy is not part of LEO Pharma and maintains independence in its operations and in its role as a healthcare provider. Your doctor and your insurance company will select the specialty pharmacy to deliver your SPEVIGO.



Your preferred **delivery time will be confirmed each month**

- If you have questions about your delivery, call your specialty pharmacy



Each delivery will include **all the medicine you need** for that month’s SPEVIGO SC dose

- Your monthly delivery will include the number of syringes and medicine your doctor prescribes
- You will inject SPEVIGO every 4 weeks
- It’s important to use SPEVIGO exactly as your doctor tells you and be sure to inject all syringes included in your SPEVIGO carton so that you get a complete dose

Storing SPEVIGO

At home

- Store your SPEVIGO carton **in the refrigerator** at 36° to 46°F (2° to 8°C) and protect it from light. Do not freeze it
- If you are taking a single 300-mg injection each month, you may store your medicine **at room temperature (77°F) for up to 14 days**, if needed

When traveling

- Consider packing your SPEVIGO in an **insulated travel bag or small cooler** to avoid light and help keep your medicine cool
- You can request a travel cooler at no charge by contacting the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program at 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446), Monday-Friday, 8AM-8PM ET



Important Safety Information (continued)

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you or your child take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.





Actor
portrayal

Important Safety Information (continued)

What are the possible side effects of SPEVIGO?

The most common side effects of SPEVIGO given in a vein (intravenously) for GPP flare treatment include:

- feeling tired or weak
- headache
- nausea
- itching or itchy bumps
- a collection of blood under the skin at the infusion site or bruising
- urinary tract infection

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) throughout this brochure and the accompanying [Medication Guide](#) and [Instructions for Use](#).

How to take SPEVIGO SC

Your doctor will show you how to inject SPEVIGO so that you can take your SPEVIGO at home.* Do not try to inject SPEVIGO until you have been shown the correct way to do so.



* Your doctor will decide if you can administer SPEVIGO at home.

† A loading dose may not be required if you recently received SPEVIGO IV for the treatment of a flare.

- ✓ When you start treatment with SPEVIGO SC, your doctor may give you a higher dose of this medicine, called a *loading dose*,[†] which is given to quickly build up levels of SPEVIGO in your body
- ✓ You will take SPEVIGO SC every 4 weeks
- ✓ Do not inject SPEVIGO SC until you have received proper training
- ✓ If you miss a dose, inject SPEVIGO SC as soon as possible. Then inject your next dose at your regularly scheduled time
- ✓ Always use SPEVIGO exactly as your doctor prescribes
- ✓ **Your doctor will tell you how much SPEVIGO to inject and when to inject it. Use SPEVIGO exactly as your doctor tells you to use it**



To watch a video showing how to inject SPEVIGO, click [here](#) or visit [SPEVIGO.com](#)

IV=intravenous; SC=subcutaneous.

 **Spevigo**
(spesolimab-sbzo) injection

Taking SPEVIGO

STEP 1

Get ready

- Read the **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use** that came with your medicine
- Take your SPEVIGO out of the carton so it can reach room temperature (about 15-30 minutes); do not place it in direct sunlight
- Wash your hands with soap and water and dry them well
- Place your supplies on a clean, flat work surface in a well-lit area
- Check the expiration date (EXP) and make sure the medicine is clear and colorless to slightly brownish-yellow. It may contain tiny white or clear particles or have air bubbles

Supplies you'll need:



Syringe(s) with SPEVIGO, as prescribed by your doctor



Alcohol wipes



Cotton balls or gauze



Instructions for Use



Sharps container



You may find the **Injection Placemat** that came with your Welcome Kit to be helpful in organizing your supplies and confirming you have what you need. **You can download a paper copy of the Injection Placemat** by clicking [here](#).



Do not use SPEVIGO and contact your specialty pharmacy right away if:

- ✗ The liquid is cloudy or contains flakes or large particles
- ✗ The expiration date has passed
- ✗ The syringe has been dropped
- ✗ Any part of the syringe appears to be cracked, broken, or leaking
- ✗ The needle is bent or damaged. If you accidentally bend the needle, do not attempt to straighten it
- ✗ It has been previously frozen, even if it has been thawed

Important Safety Information (continued)

The most common side effects of SPEVIGO when given under the skin (subcutaneously) for treatment of GPP when not experiencing a flare include:

- redness, pain, swelling, hardening, hives, or warmth at the injection site
- joint pain
- urinary tract infection
- itching

These are not all of the possible side effects of SPEVIGO. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Taking SPEVIGO (continued)

STEP
2

Choose and clean your injection site

You may use an area on your upper thighs or stomach (abdomen), except for the 2 inches around your navel (belly button).

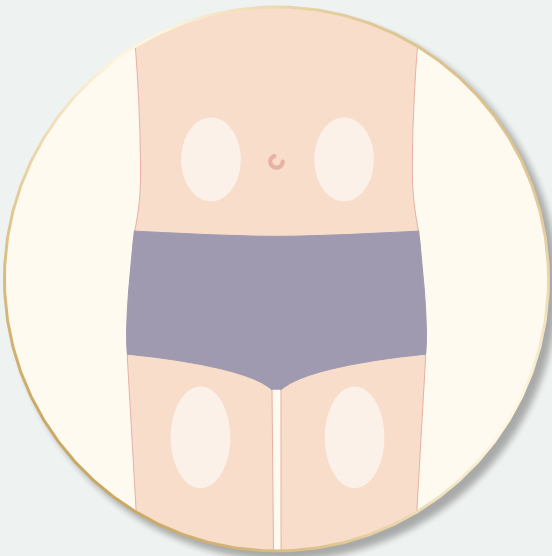
Choose a different injection site each time you inject, at least 1 inch away from the last injection site.

Alternate between the upper thigh or stomach area for each complete dose.

- Do not inject into areas that are tender, bruised, red, hard, or scarred
- Do not inject through clothes

Clean your chosen injection site

- Wipe the area with an alcohol wipe and let it air dry (do not fan or blow on it)
- Do not touch this area again before injecting



STEP
3

Inject your medicine

- Pull the syringe cap off
- Pinch the skin of your clean injection site and hold it firmly
- Insert the needle using a quick, dart-like motion at about a 45-degree angle
- Push the plunger down with your thumb until you can't press any further; the built-in safety cover will activate
- Remove your thumb so the needle springs back inside the safety cover. If the needle is not inside the safety cover, call your doctor as you may not have received a full dose



If your doctor has prescribed 2 syringes, repeat these steps for your second injection at least 1 inch away from the first injection site.



Never throw away the syringes in the household trash.

If you need a sharps disposal container, please call the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program at 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446).

Important Safety Information (continued)

Do not receive SPEVIGO if you or your child have had a severe or life-threatening allergic reaction to spesolimab-sbzo or any of the ingredients in SPEVIGO.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



"I like how I can inject the medicine at home; I integrated SPEVIGO into my life once a month."

Kathryn,
whose choice
is SPEVIGO

Kathryn has been compensated for the time spent to share her story.
Individual results may vary.

Helpful reminders

DOs

- ✓ **Make SPEVIGO a part of your routine.** Set a reminder on your calendar or in your phone for each month so you don't miss a dose
- ✓ If you bleed a little at the injection site, **press a cotton ball or gauze on the site** for a few seconds. Apply an adhesive bandage if needed
- ✓ **Set a reminder** 1 week before you are due for your next dose to make sure that your medicine has been delivered

DON'Ts

- ✗ **Do not touch the needle** or let the needle touch anything
- ✗ **Do not move the needle** while injecting
- ✗ **Do not rub the injection site**

If you experience any problems with your injections, do not use another prefilled syringe. Contact your healthcare provider or pharmacist for help.

Important Safety Information (continued)

What is the most important information I should know about SPEVIGO?

SPEVIGO may cause serious side effects, including:

- **Infections.** SPEVIGO may lower the ability of your or your child's immune system to fight infections and may increase your or your child's risk of infections. Your healthcare provider should check you or your child for infections and tuberculosis (TB) before starting treatment with SPEVIGO and may treat you or your child for TB before you begin treatment with SPEVIGO if you have a history of TB or have active TB. Your healthcare provider should watch you or your child closely for signs and symptoms of TB during or after treatment with SPEVIGO. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you or your child have an infection or have symptoms of an infection during or after treatment with SPEVIGO, including:
 - fevers, chills, or sweats
 - muscle aches
 - cough
 - shortness of breath
 - blood in your phlegm (mucus)
 - burning when you urinate
 - urinating more often than normal

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Support: **we're here for you**



SPEVIGO Patient Support Program

The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program is a complimentary support program here to help answer your questions, explore financial support, and help you prepare for treatment.

It is designed to make your SPEVIGO experience as seamless as possible.

Get started

Just call 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446), Monday-Friday, 8AM-8PM ET.

The SPEVIGO Patient Support Program team does not provide medical advice and is not a substitute for your medical team. Your doctor should always be your main resource for any questions about your health and medical care.

Tailored **to your needs**

Once you sign up, we can:



Help

explore insurance coverage, including understanding anticipated out-of-pocket costs



Explain

potential financial assistance options, including the SPEVIGO Copay Program*



Connect

you to resources about GPP, including how it may affect your body, how SPEVIGO works, what to expect on treatment, how SPEVIGO is administered, and how to inject it

FINANCIAL SUPPORT

Through the SPEVIGO Copay Program,* you may be able to pay as little as \$0 per treatment if you have commercial insurance. If you are eligible, you will receive your SPEVIGO Copay card by email. To learn more about the program or other potential ways to save, contact the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program at 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446), Monday-Friday, 8AM-8PM ET.

* Eligibility and enrollment required. For use only with commercial prescription insurance. Valid for US patients aged 12 years and older. Must be used for an FDA-approved indication. Additional terms and conditions apply.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Frequently asked questions about SPEVIGO SC

? What happens if I forget to take my SPEVIGO?

If you miss a dose of SPEVIGO, inject your dose as soon as you remember. Then, take your next dose at your regularly scheduled time. If you are not sure when to inject SPEVIGO, call your doctor.

? How long do I need to take SPEVIGO for?

SPEVIGO is a targeted therapy specifically to treat GPP. It can help reduce the risk of a flare. You should take SPEVIGO every 4 weeks for as long as your doctor recommends.

? What are the most common side effects of SPEVIGO?

The most common side effects of SPEVIGO SC are redness, pain, swelling, hardening, hives, or warmth at the injection site, joint pain, urinary tract infection, and itching. These are not all of the possible side effects of SPEVIGO. Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 26-27. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

? What happens if I experience a flare while on SPEVIGO?

If you experience a flare at any point, contact your doctor immediately. They can advise you on next steps.

? What should I do if there's an issue with my SPEVIGO order?

Contact your specialty pharmacy right away.

? What do I do if the expiration date on my syringe has passed?

Any medicine outside its expiration date should be thrown away. Your doctor can advise you on how to dispose of any expired syringes. Typically, you would throw away any expired SPEVIGO in a sharps container.

? Can SPEVIGO be kept at room temperature?

SPEVIGO should be refrigerated. If you are taking a single 300-mg injection each month, you may store your medicine at room temperature for up to 14 days.

? How can I store my SPEVIGO while traveling?

When traveling, consider packing your SPEVIGO in an insulated travel bag or small cooler to avoid light and help keep your medicine cool. Contact the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program to request a travel cooler for your SPEVIGO.

? Who should I call if I have other questions about SPEVIGO?

Your doctor should always be your main resource for any questions about your health and medical care. You can also contact the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program to get answers to your questions about SPEVIGO and refer you to helpful resources. Contact the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program at 1-833-SPEVIGO (1-833-773-8446).

Important Safety Information (continued)

SPEVIGO may cause serious side effects, including (continued):

- **Allergic reactions and infusion-related reactions.** Serious allergic reactions may happen during or after your or your child's SPEVIGO injection. If you or your child have a serious allergic reaction, your healthcare provider will stop treatment with SPEVIGO. If you or your child are given SPEVIGO in a vein (intravenously) and have an infusion-related reaction, your healthcare provider will stop your or your child's SPEVIGO infusion and treat your or your child's symptoms and may restart SPEVIGO at a slower infusion rate. Tell your healthcare provider or get emergency medical help right away if you or your child get any of the following symptoms during or after your or your child's SPEVIGO injection:
 - feeling faint, dizzy, or lightheaded
 - swelling of your face, eyelids, lips, mouth, tongue, or throat
 - trouble breathing or throat tightness
 - fever
 - mouth sores
 - chest tightness
 - hives or skin rash that is different than the rash from generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP)
 - itching
 - swollen lymph nodes

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Tracking your results: starting treatment

Since everyone’s experience with a new treatment can be different, it can be helpful to track your goals and results over time, and to discuss both with your doctor.

These pages are a simple way to keep your notes organized when starting treatment and to follow your progress over time. Complete this page before your first dose and discuss your notes with your doctor. Then, use pages 23-25 to help track your injection site and progress on a monthly basis. Discuss your results with your doctor.

My reason for taking SPEVIGO:

The impacts of GPP that I would most like to change:

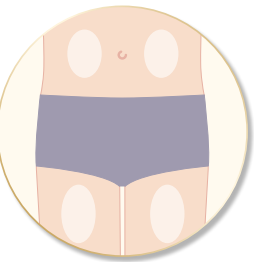
The results I expect with SPEVIGO:

- Important Safety Information (continued)**
Before you or your child receive SPEVIGO, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you or your child:
- have an infection that does not go away or that keeps coming back.
 - have TB or have been in close contact with someone with TB.
 - have recently received or are scheduled to receive an immunization (vaccine). You or your child should not receive live vaccines during and for at least 16 weeks after treatment with SPEVIGO. You or your child should be brought up to date with all vaccines before starting SPEVIGO.
 - are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if SPEVIGO can harm your or your child’s unborn baby.
 - are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if SPEVIGO passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your or your child’s baby during treatment with SPEVIGO.

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Tracking your results: follow your progress

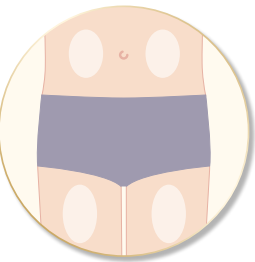
Complete a section every time you inject SPEVIGO to record your injection details and your experience with SPEVIGO over time.



SPEVIGO dose date:
.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

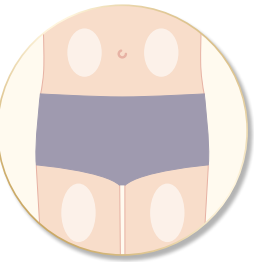
Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:



SPEVIGO dose date:
.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

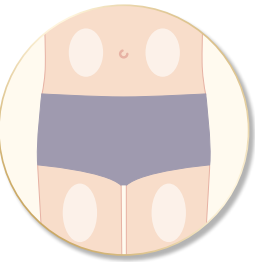
Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:



SPEVIGO dose date:
.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:



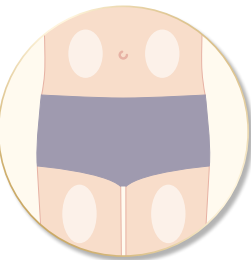
SPEVIGO dose date:
.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

Tracking your results: **follow your progress** (continued)

Complete a section every time you inject SPEVIGO to record your injection details and your experience with SPEVIGO over time.

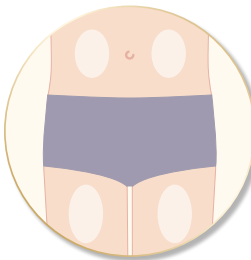


SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

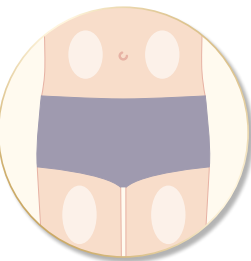


SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

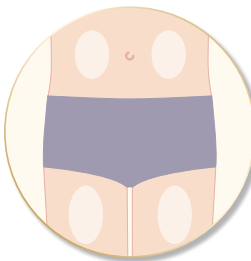


SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

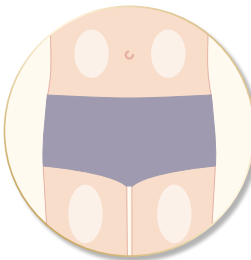


SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

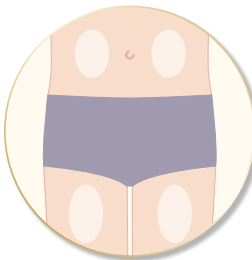


SPEVIGO dose date:

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Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

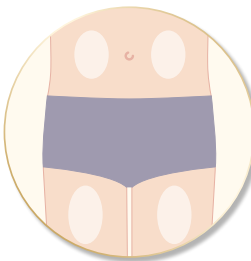


SPEVIGO dose date:

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Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

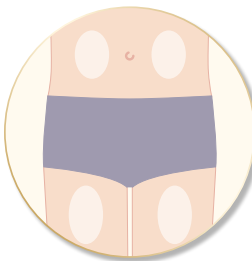


SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:



SPEVIGO dose date:

.....

Area injected
(mark on image)

Record any notes to discuss with your doctor:

Important Safety Information (continued)

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you or your child take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

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Important Safety Information

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What is the most important information I should know about SPEVIGO?

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 - fevers, chills, or sweats
 - muscle aches
 - cough
 - shortness of breath
 - blood in your phlegm (mucus)
 - burning when you urinate
 - urinating more often than normal
- **Allergic reactions and infusion-related reactions.** Serious allergic reactions may happen during or after your or your child’s SPEVIGO injection. If you or your child have a serious allergic reaction, your healthcare provider will stop treatment with SPEVIGO. If you or your child are given SPEVIGO in a vein (intravenously) and have an infusion-related reaction, your healthcare provider will stop your or your child’s SPEVIGO infusion and treat your or your child’s symptoms and may restart SPEVIGO at a slower infusion rate. Tell your healthcare provider or get emergency medical help right away if you or your child get any of the following symptoms during or after your or your child’s SPEVIGO injection:
 - feeling faint, dizzy, or lightheaded
 - swelling of your face, eyelids, lips, mouth, tongue, or throat
 - trouble breathing or throat tightness
 - fever
 - mouth sores
 - chest tightness
 - hives or skin rash that is different than the rash from generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP)
 - itching
 - swollen lymph nodes

Before you or your child receive SPEVIGO, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you or your child:

- have an infection that does not go away or that keeps coming back.
- have TB or have been in close contact with someone with TB.
- have recently received or are scheduled to receive an immunization (vaccine). You or your child should not receive live vaccines during and for at least 16 weeks after treatment with SPEVIGO. You or your child should be brought up to date with all vaccines before starting SPEVIGO.
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if SPEVIGO can harm your or your child’s unborn baby.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if SPEVIGO passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your or your child’s baby during treatment with SPEVIGO.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you or your child take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

What are the possible side effects of SPEVIGO?

The most common side effects of SPEVIGO given in a vein (intravenously) for GPP flare treatment include:

- feeling tired or weak
- headache
- nausea
- itching or itchy bumps
- a collection of blood under the skin at the infusion site or bruising
- urinary tract infection

The most common side effects of SPEVIGO when given under the skin (subcutaneously) for treatment of GPP when not experiencing a flare include:

- redness, pain, swelling, hardening, hives, or warmth at the injection site
- joint pain
- urinary tract infection
- itching

These are not all of the possible side effects of SPEVIGO. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



Support for every step

Connect with a dedicated team member who can answer your questions, explore financial support, and help you prepare for treatment with the SPEVIGO Patient Support Program, a complimentary support program here to help you on your journey.



Click [here](#) to sign up



Call **1-833-SPEVIGO**
(1-833-773-8446)

Monday-Friday, 8AM-8PM ET



Kathryn, whose choice is SPEVIGO

She has been compensated for the time spent to share her story. Individual results may vary.

What is SPEVIGO?

SPEVIGO is a prescription medicine used to treat generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP) in adults and children 12 years of age and older who weigh at least 88 pounds (40 kg). It is not known if SPEVIGO is safe and effective in children under 12 years of age or who weigh less than 88 pounds (40 kg).

Important Safety Information

Do not receive SPEVIGO if you or your child have had a severe or life-threatening allergic reaction to spesolimab-sbzo or any of the ingredients in SPEVIGO.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** throughout this brochure and the accompanying **Medication Guide** and **Instructions for Use**.



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 **Spevigo**®
(spesolimab-sbzo) injection